

For residents of all states except Alabama, Arkansas, the District of Columbia, Florida, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, and Washington:

WARNING – Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurance company or other person, or knowing that he is facilitating commission of a fraud, submits incomplete, false, fraudulent, deceptive or misleading facts or information when filing an insurance application or a statement of claim for payment of a loss or benefit commits a fraudulent insurance act, is/may be guilty of a crime and may be prosecuted and punished under state law. Penalties may include fines, civil damages and criminal penalties, including confinement in prison. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant or if the applicant conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto.

ALABAMA RESIDENTS – Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

ARKANSAS, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, LOUISIANA and RHODE ISLAND RESIDENTS – Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

KENTUCKY RESIDENTS – Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

MAINE and WASHINGTON RESIDENTS – Any person who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company commits a crime. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits.

MARYLAND RESIDENTS – Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

NEW JERSEY RESIDENTS – Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

NORTH CAROLINA RESIDENTS – Any person who, with the intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurer or insurance claimant, knowing that the statement contains false information concerning a fact or matter material to the claim may be guilty of a class H felony.

PENNSYLVANIA and UTAH RESIDENTS – Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any material fact thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

PUERTO RICO RESIDENTS – Any person who knowingly and with the intention of defrauding presents false information in an insurance application, or presents, helps, or causes the presentation of a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or any other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, shall incur a felony and, upon conviction, shall be sanctioned for each violation by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or a fixed term of imprisonment for three (3) years, or both penalties. Should aggravating circumstances [be] present, the penalty thus established may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years, if extenuating circumstances are present, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.

VERMONT RESIDENTS – Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or knowingly makes a false statement in an application for insurance may be guilty of a criminal offense under state law.

VIRGINIA RESIDENTS – Any person who, with the intent to defraud or knowing that he/she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement may have violated state law.

Accelerated Death Benefit option is a feature that is made available to group life insurance participants. It is not a health, nursing home, or long-term care insurance benefit and is not designed to eliminate the need for those types of insurance coverage. The death benefit is reduced by the amount of the accelerated death benefit paid. There is no administrative fee to accelerate benefits. Receipt of accelerated death benefits may affect eligibility for public assistance and may be taxable. The federal income tax treatment of payments made under this rider depends upon whether the insured is the recipient of the benefits and is considered "terminally ill." You may wish to seek professional tax advice before exercising this option.